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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/656,551	09/05/2003	Diana K. Smetters	PARC-DA3162Q	8170	
35699 PVF PARC	7590 05/09/200	8	EXAMINER		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	UGHAN & FLEMING	NGUYEN, KHAI MINH			
2820 FIFTH STREET DAVIS, CA 95618-7759			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2617		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			05/09/2008	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary		Application	on No.	Applicant(s)				
		10/656,55	51	SMETTERS ET AL.				
		Examiner		Art Unit				
		KHAI M. N	IGUYEN	2617				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication a or Reply	appears on the	e cover sheet with the c	orrespondence a	ddress			
WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING asions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. It period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state ply received by the Office later than three months after the material part of the provided patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THE ALL 136(a). In no evicted will apply and watute, cause the app	HIS COMMUNICATION ent, however, may a reply be tin III expire SIX (6) MONTHS from lication to become ABANDONE	J. nely filed the mailing date of this of (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status								
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 13	3 March 2008						
•	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>13 March 2008</u> . This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.							
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
ت (۵	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims	•	• ,					
· ·	•							
,	Claim(s) <u>1-25</u> is/are pending in the application.							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
•	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) <u>1-25</u> is/are rejected.							
	Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are objected to.							
-	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	d/or election r	equirement					
		a/or election i	equirement.					
Applicati	on Papers							
•	The specification is objected to by the Exam							
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)∏ a	accepted or b)	objected to by the I	Examiner.				
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).								
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some col None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 								
2) 🔲 Notic 3) 🔯 Infori	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date 1/15/2008.		4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	nte				



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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

1. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-25 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Balfanz et al. (Talking to Strangers: Authentication in Ad-Hoc Wireless Networks) in view of Hermann, Reto (EP 1024626) and further in view of Lowensohn et al. (U.S.Pub-20040230809).

Regarding claim 1, Balfanz teaches a computer controlled method comprising:

establishing communication between a wireless sensor (item A) and a provisioning device (Item B) over at least one preferred channel (fig.3, section 3.2, [2]), said wireless sensor configured to send a first commitment to said provisioning device over said at least one preferred channel (fig.3, [2]-[3]) and to receive a second commitment from said provisioning device over said at least one preferred channel (fig.3, [2]-[3]);

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receiving <u>at least one</u> of provisioning information <u>or additional application-specific</u> <u>information, site-specific information, network-specific information, or other information</u> <u>that can be used by the wireless sensor</u> from said provisioning device over said at least one preferred channel (not specifically disclose), wherein the provisioning information includes a credential (fig.3, [2]-[3]) and wherein the credential facilitates becoming a member of a secure credential infrastructure (fig.5, section 4.1, [1]-[2]); and

Balfanz fails to specifically disclose receiving <u>at least one</u> of provisioning information <u>or additional application-specific information</u>, site-specific information, network-specific information, or other information that can be used by the wireless <u>sensor</u> from said provisioning device over said at least one preferred channel. However, Hermann teaches receiving <u>at least one</u> of provisioning information ([0020]) <u>or additional application-specific information</u>, site-specific information, network-specific information, or other information that can be used by the wireless sensor from said provisioning device over said at least one preferred channel (secure channel) ([0021]). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply the teaching of Hermann to Balfanz to prevent any accidental information exchange.

Balfanz and Hermann fail to specifically disclose automatically configuring said wireless sensor for transmitting sensor information over a secure communication channel responsive to said provisioning information. However, Lowensohn teaches automatically configuring said wireless sensor (fig.1, barb badge 100) for transmitting

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sensor information over a secure communication channel responsive to said provisioning information (fig.1, and 4, [0009]-[0010], [0059]). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply the teaching of Lowensohn to Balfanz and Hermann to detect the user orientation in the environment and security the information of user.

Regarding claim 2, Balfanz, Hermann, and Lowensohn further teach the computer controlled method of claim 1, wherein said provisioning information comprises a credential (see Lowensohn, [0038], [0043]).

Regarding claim 3, Balfanz, Hermann, and Lowensohn further teach the computer controlled method of claim 1, wherein said provisioning information further comprises one or more of patient data, limit data, alarm data, dosage data, interval data, access data, physician data, caregiver data, nurse data, insurance data or room assignment data (see Lowensohn, fig.4, [0004], [0059]).

Regarding claim 4, Balfanz, Hermann, and Lowensohn further teach the computer controlled method of claim 3, further comprising transmitting said sensor information over said secure communication channel (see Lowensohn, fig.1, [0009], [0271]).

Regarding claim 5, Balfanz, Hermann, and Lowensohn further teach the computer controlled method of claim 1, wherein said provisioning information further comprises one or more of sensitivity data, target data, image recognition data, or noise characteristics (see Lowensohn, [0038], [0043]).

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Regarding claim 6, Balfanz, Hermann, and Lowensohn further teach the computer controlled method of claim 1, wherein said wireless sensor senses one or more of medical information, location information, proximity information, environmental information, or vehicle information (see Lowensohn, [0043]-[0044]).

Regarding claim 7, Balfanz teaches a computer-readable storage medium storing instructions that when executed by a computer in a wireless sensor to cause the computer to perform a method comprising steps of:

establishing communication between a wireless sensor and a provisioning device over at least one preferred channel (fig.3, section 3.2, [2]), said wireless sensor configured to send a first commitment to said provisioning device over said at least one preferred channel (fig.3, [2]-[3]) and to receive a second commitment from said provisioning device over said at least one preferred channel (fig.3, [2]-[3]);

receiving <u>at least one</u> of provisioning information <u>or additional application-specific information</u>, <u>site-specific information</u>, <u>network-specific information</u>, <u>or other information</u> that can be used by the wireless sensor from said provisioning device over said at least one preferred channel (not specifically disclose), wherein the provisioning information includes a credential (fig.3, [2]-[3]) and wherein the credential facilitates becoming a member of a secure credential infrastructure (fig.5, section 4.1, [1]-[2]); and

Balfanz fails to specifically disclose receiving <u>at least one</u> of provisioning information <u>or additional application-specific information</u>, site-specific information, network-specific information, or other information that can be used by the wireless

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sensor from said provisioning device over said at least one preferred channel. However, Hermann teaches receiving at least one of provisioning information ([0020]) or additional application-specific information, site-specific information, network-specific information, or other information that can be used by the wireless sensor from said provisioning device over said at least one preferred channel (secure channel) ([0021]). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply the teaching of Hermann to Balfanz to prevent any accidental information exchange.

Balfanz and Hermann fail to specifically disclose automatically configuring said wireless sensor for transmitting sensor information over a secure communication channel responsive to said provisioning information. However, Lowensohn teaches automatically configuring said wireless sensor (fig.1, barb badge 100) for transmitting sensor information over a secure communication channel responsive to said provisioning information (fig.1, and 4, [0009]-[0010], [0059]). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply the teaching of Lowensohn to Balfanz and Hermann to detect the user orientation in the environment and security the information of user.

Regarding claim 8, Balfanz, Hermann, and Lowensohn further teach the computer-readable storage medium of claim 7, wherein said provisioning information comprises a credential (see Lowensohn, [0038], [0043]).

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Regarding claim 9, Balfanz, Hermann, and Lowensohn further teach the computer-readable storage medium of claim 7, wherein said provisioning information further comprises one or more of patient data, limit data, alarm data, dosage data, interval data, access data, physician data, caregiver data, nurse data, insurance data or room assignment data (see Lowensohn, fig.4, [0004], [0059]).

Regarding claim 10, Balfanz, Hermann, and Lowensohn further teach the computer-readable storage medium of claim 9, further comprising transmitting said sensor information over said secure communication channel (see Lowensohn, fig.1, [0009], [0271]).

Regarding claim 11, Balfanz, Hermann, and Lowensohn further teach the computer-readable storage medium of claim 7, wherein said provisioning information further comprises one or more of sensitivity data, target data, image recognition data, or noise characteristics (see Lowensohn, [0038], [0043]).

Regarding claim 12, Balfanz, Hermann, and Lowensohn further teach the computer-readable storage medium of claim 7, wherein said wireless sensor senses one or more of medical information, location information, proximity information, environmental information, or vehicle information (see Lowensohn, [0043]-[0044]).

Regarding claim 13, Balfanz teaches a wireless apparatus comprising:

at least one port configured to establish a preferred channel (fig.3, section 3.2, [2]);

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a preferred channel communication mechanism configured to be able to establish communication with a provisioning device over said at least one preferred channel (fig.3, section 3.2, [2]), said wireless sensor configured to send a first commitment to said provisioning device over said at least one preferred channel (fig.3, [2]-[3]) and to receive a second commitment from said provisioning device over said at least one preferred channel (fig.3, [2]-[3]);

a receiver mechanism configured to be able to receive receiving <u>at least one</u> of provisioning information <u>or additional application-specific information</u>, <u>site-specific information</u>, network-specific information, or other information that can be used by the <u>wireless sensor</u> from said provisioning device over said at least one preferred channel (not specifically disclose), wherein the provisioning information includes a credential (fig.3, [2]-[3]) and wherein the credential facilitates becoming a member of a secure credential infrastructure (fig.5, section 4.1, [1]-[2]); and

Balfanz fails to specifically disclose a receiver mechanism configured to be able to receive receiving <u>at least one</u> of provisioning information <u>or additional application-specific information</u>, site-specific information, network-specific information, or other <u>information that can be used by the wireless sensor</u> from said provisioning device over said at least one preferred channel. However, Hermann teaches a receiver mechanism configured to be able to receive receiving <u>at least one</u> of provisioning information ([0020]) <u>or additional application-specific information</u>, site-specific information, network-specific information, or other information that can be used by the wireless sensor from

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said provisioning device over said at least one preferred channel (secure channel) ([0021]). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply the teaching of Hermann to Balfanz to prevent any accidental information exchange.

Balfanz and Hermann fail to specifically disclose an automatic configuration mechanism to enable said wireless sensor to transmit sensor information over a secure communication channel established responsive to said provisioning information.

However, Lowensohn teaches an automatic configuration mechanism to enable said wireless sensor (fig.1, barb badge 100) to transmit sensor information over a secure communication channel established responsive to said provisioning information (fig.1, and 4, [0009]-[0010], [0059]). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply the teaching of Lowensohn to Balfanz and Hermann to detect the user orientation in the environment and security the information of user.

Regarding claim 14, Balfanz, Hermann, and Lowensohn further teach the apparatus of claim 13, wherein said provisioning information comprises a credential (see Lowensohn, [0038], [0043]).

Regarding claim 15, Balfanz, Hermann, and Lowensohn further teach the apparatus of claim 13, wherein said provisioning information further comprises one or more of patient data, limit data, alarm data, dosage data, interval data, access data, physician data, caregiver data, nurse data, insurance data, room assignment data,

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sensitivity data, target data, image recognition data, activation data, or noise characteristics (see Lowensohn, fig.4, [0004], [0059]).

Regarding claim 16, Balfanz, Hermann, and Lowensohn further teach the apparatus of claim 15, further comprising a transmission mechanism configured to transmit said sensor information over said secure communication channel (see Lowensohn, fig.1, [0009], [0271]).

Regarding claim 17, Balfanz, Hermann, and Lowensohn further teach the apparatus of claim 13, wherein wireless apparatus further comprises a sensor for measuring said sensor information (see Lowensohn, [0009]-[0010], [0038], [0043]).

Regarding claim 18, Balfanz, Hermann, and Lowensohn further teach the apparatus of claim 13, wherein said wireless sensor senses one or more of medical information, location information, proximity information, environmental information, or vehicle information (see Lowensohn, [0043]-[0044]).

Regarding claim 19, Balfanz, Hermann, and Lowensohn further teach the apparatus of claim 13, wherein said sensor information is status information about the apparatus (see Lowensohn, fig.1, and 14a, [0009]-[0010], [0037]).

Regarding claim 20, Balfanz, Hermann, and Lowensohn further teach the computer controlled method of claim 1, wherein said at least one preferred channel comprises a single preferred channel capable of communicating both from said wireless

sensor to said provisioning device (see Balfanz, fig.3, section 3.1, [2]-[3]) and from said provisioning device to said wireless sensor (see Balfanz, fig.3, section 3.1, [2]-[3]).

Regarding claim 21, Balfanz, Hermann, and Lowensohn further teach the computer controlled method of claim 1, wherein said at least one preferred channel comprises two separate channels, including a first preferred channel capable of communicating from said wireless sensor to said provisioning device (see Balfanz, fig.3, section 3.1, [2]-[3]) and a second preferred channel capable of communicating from said provisioning device to said wireless sensor (see Balfanz, fig.3, section 3.1, [2]-[3]).

Regarding claim 22, Balfanz, Hermann, and Lowensohn further teach the computer-readable storage medium of claim 7, wherein said at least one preferred channel comprises a single preferred channel capable of communicating both from said wireless sensor to said provisioning device (see Balfanz, fig.3, section 3.1, [2]-[3]) and from said provisioning device to said wireless sensor (see Balfanz, fig.3, section 3.1, [2]-[3]).

Regarding claim 23, Balfanz, Hermann, and Lowensohn further teach the computer-readable storage medium of claim 7, wherein said at least one preferred channel comprises two separate channels, including a first preferred channel capable of communicating from said wireless sensor to said provisioning device (see Balfanz, fig.3, section 3.1, [2]-[3]) and a second preferred channel capable of communicating from said provisioning device to said wireless sensor (see Balfanz, fig.3, section 3.1, [2]-[3]).

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Regarding claim 24, Balfanz, Hermann, and Lowensohn further teach the apparatus of claim 13, wherein said at least one preferred channel comprises a single preferred channel capable of communicating both from said wireless sensor to said provisioning device (see Balfanz, fig.3, section 3.1, [2]-[3]) and from said provisioning device to said wireless sensor (see Balfanz, fig.3, section 3.1, [2]-[3]).

Regarding claim 25, Balfanz, Hermann, and Lowensohn further teach the apparatus of claim 13, wherein said at least one preferred channel comprises two separate channels, including a first preferred channel capable of communicating from said wireless sensor to said provisioning device (see Balfanz, fig.3, section 3.1, [2]-[3]) and a second preferred channel capable of communicating from said provisioning device to said wireless sensor (see Balfanz, fig.3, section 3.1, [2]-[3]).

Conclusion

3. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any

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extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to KHAI M. NGUYEN whose telephone number is (571)272-7923. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Vincent P. Harper can be reached on 571.272.7605. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/VINCENT P. HARPER/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2617

/Khai M Nguyen/ Examiner, Art Unit 2617

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